LIBRARY SUPREME COURT, U.S.

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

LORETTA STARVUS STACK. AL PICHMOND, PHILIP MARSHALL CONNELLY, DOROTHY ROSENBLUM

HEALEY, ERNEST OTTO FOX, WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN, CARL

RUDE LAMBERT, HENRY STEINBERG, OLETA O'CONNOR YATES, ROSE CHERMIN KUSNITZ, MARY BERNADETTE

DOYLE and ALBERT JASON LIMA. Petitioners-Appellants,

JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal,

Respondent.

TRANSCRIPT OF RECORD ON APPEAL .

No.

(HENRY STEINBERG)

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Notice Of Appeal

Designation Of Record

MARGOLIS and MaTERNAN 112 West Ninth Street. Los Angeles 15, Galifornia. VAndike 7153: 3 LEO A. SULLIVAN 1440 Broadway Street Oakland, California Hightower 4-1707 Attorneys for Petitioner 7 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 IN AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA . 9 G CENTRAL DIVISION 10 11 No. 13443-PH HERRY STEINBERG Petitioner. 12 PETITION FOR WRIT OF 13 HABEAS CORPUS JAMES J. BOYLE, United 14 States Marshal. 15 Respondent. 17 TO THE JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT FOR THE SOUTHERN 19 DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, CENTRAL DIVISION: , the petitioner above named 30 Henry Steinberg hereby petitions this honorable Court for a writ of habeas corpus 127 directing the respondent James J. Boyle, United States Marshal for the Southern District of California, in whose custody peti-23 tioner is now restrained of h . liberty, to produce the body of your petitioner, before this Court at Henry Steinberg 26 a time and place specified and then and there to show cause why 27 petitioner should not be released from the custody of the re-28 spondent upon bail in such reasonable sum as may be determined 39 by this Court; and in support thereof, your petitioner alleges as follows: 30

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On July 26, 1951, your petitioner was arrested at h ishome

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the state of

1 in the city of Los Angeles, County of Los Angeles, State of Calif-

2 orais, upon a warrent issued July 25, 1951 by Howard V. Calverley,

United States Commissioner in the Southern District of California,

4 pursuant to a complaint charging your petitioner and one William

18 21

5 Schneiderman with conspiracy to commit offenses against the United

States prohibited by Section 2 of the Smith Act, 54 Stat. 671.

II.

petitioner was arraigned before said United States Commissioner and by said Commissioner was ordered to be held in the custody of the respondent herein upon bail fixed by said Commissioner in the sum of \$75,000 and by virtue of such order your petitioner was confined in the County Jail of the County of Los Angeles in the custody of said respondent on said day and where petitioner has continuously remained until the present time.

III.

Thereafter and on or about July 27, 1951, your petitioner filed a petition for writ of habeas corpus in this Court praying that the writ issue and that your petitioner be released from the custody of the respondent upon reasonable bail in order that petitioner might properly prepare petitioner's defense and because the fixing of excessive bail by the United States Commissioner constituted a violation of the rights guaranteed to him by the Constitution of the United States.

IV.

An order to show cause why the said petition for writ of habeas corpus should not be granted was signed by Honcrable Leon R. Yankwich, a judge of this Court on July 27, 1951 and made returnable before said Court on July 31, 1951 at 10 A.M.

V.

Upon information and belief, the United States Attorney summoned the Grand Jury to convene on July 31, 1951 at 9 A.M. and

in the space of about fifteen minutes, the said Grand Jury returned the indictment herein charging your petitioner together
with eleven other named defendants with conspiracy to violate

Section 2 of the Smith Act, 54 Stat. 671.

VI.

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That on July 31, 1951 when your petitioner's petition for writ of habeas corpus came on for hearing, the Court was informed by the United States Attorney that an indictment had been returned and that for the aforesaid reason, the hearing on the petition for writ of habeas corpus before the Court had become most, and that thereupon the Court discharged the order to show cause why the petition for writ of habeas corpus should not be granted.

VII.

Thereupon, and on the same day, your petitioner was taken before the Honorable James M. Carter, a judge of this Court before whom the indictment was returned and the said Court then announced that it was fixing bail in an amount recommended by the Grand Jury. Upon information and belief, the true bill returned against the defendants including your petitioner contained no recommendation by the Grand Jury relative to bail. Upon information and belief, the names of the defendants were written on a copy of the indictment with the notation of \$75,000 for all defendants except the defendant, William Schneiderman, where the notation was \$100,000, and that these writings were unsigned.

VIII.

Thereafter, and on August 6, 1951, your petitioner moved in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California, Central Division, to fix bail in a reasonable sum or if bail had been fixed in the sum of \$75,000 as aforesaid, then for a reduction of this excessive bail to a reasonable amount.

IX.

On August 6, 1951, the aforesaid motion to fix or reduce bail

2 States Judge for the Southern District of California, Central Divi-3 sion.

X.

Before the commencement of the argument of the motion to fix

6 or reduce bail your petitioner along with the other defendants

7 named in the indictment herein except William Schneiderman filed

8 with the said Court an affidavit of personal bias and prejudice and

9 requested the said Court to disqualify itself and to transfer the

10 hearing on bail to another judge of the District Court pursuant to

11 the provisions of 28 U.S. C.A. section 144; that said Judge de
12 clined to disqualify himself and held the affidavit of personal

13 bias and prejudice legally insufficient on August 7, 1951.

That thereupon, and at the request of counsel for one of the defendants herein, Philip Marshall Connelly, the said Judge James 17 M. Carter withheld his ruling on the said Connelly's motion to fix 18 or reduce bail until an application could be made to the United 19 States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit for a ruling on the 20 sufficiency of the aforesaid affidavit of bias and prejudice.

21 XII.

That thereafter, the motion to fix or reduce bail on your 23 petitioner's behalf was argued before the said Judge and on August 24 8, 1957 your petitioner's bail was fixed at the sum of 50,000.

25 XIII.

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Thereafter, on August 13, 1951, your petitioner filed a peti27 tion for writ of habeas corpus in this Court praying that the writ
28 issue and that petitioner be released from the custody of the res29 pondent upon reasonable bail, and on the said day the writ was
30 issued by the Honorable William C. Mathes, a Judge of this Court
31 and made returnable before said Judge on August 15, 1951.

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30.

On August 15, 1951 the said writ came on for hearing before the said Judge William C. Mathes, and after hearing, and by order dated August 17, 1951, the said petition was dismissed and the writ discharged.

XV.

On August 18, 1951, your petitioner filed a notice of appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the Minth Circuit from the aforesaid order discharging the writ of habeas corpus.

XVI

Thereafter, and on August 24, 1951, the United States Court of Appeals rendered its decision on the application of the defendant herein, Philip Marshall Connelly, to disqualify the aforesaid Judge James M. Carter, and the said Court did hold that the aforesaid affidavit of bias and prejudice was legally sufficient and ordered the said Judge to proceed no further respecting the said Connelly's bail proceedings or in connection with the said Connelly's prosecution under the indictment.

XVII. .

In giew of the decision of the Court of Appeals, and because of the doubt created thereby as to whether the said Judge James M. Carter had the power or jurisdiction originally to fix or reduce bail for petitioner or the other petitioners herein, after the aforesaid joint affidavit of bias and prejudice was filed, the petitioner decided to withdraw the aforesaid appeal.

XVIII.

On August 27, 1951, the United States Attorney for the Southern District of California, counsel for the respondent, and counsel for the petitioner stipulated in writing to dismiss the aforesaid appeal and said stipulation was filed with the clerk of the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit in accordance with Rule 16 of the said Court.

Thereafter, and on August 29, 1951, the petitioner together

withouthe other defendants were brought before the said James M.

4 Carter who formally disqualified himself, and thereupon the pro-

5 ceedings were assigned by the presiding Judge of the said District

6 Court to the aforesaid Judge William C. Mathes.

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On August 29 and 30, 1951, argument on motions to fix or re-8 duce bail were made before the said Judge William C. Mathes and 9. 10 the said Judge on August 30, 1951 fixed bail for petitioner in the sum of \$50,000. At the same time, the said Judge set September 18 11 12 1951 as the time for filing motions and September 26 as the time 13 for argument of said motions; and fixed September 10, 1951 as the 14 day for the appearance of counsel to determine the date of trial which the said Judge indicated would be October 30, 1951 unless 15 16 strong reason was shown to the contrary.

XXI.

18 Your petitioner is wholly unable to furnish bail in the sum of \$50,000 and by virtue thereof all the proceedings heretofore 19 20 had herein which have confined your petitioner in the County Jail 21 and unlawfully deprived petitioner of liberty and abridged the 22 rights guaranteed petitioner by the Fifth and Eighth Amendments to 23 the Constitution of the United States. Exhibits A and B annexed 24 hereto and made a part hereof clearly reveal that petitioner has been denied equal justice by the action of the Court in fixing bai 25 26 at the grossly excessive sum of \$50,000.

Petitioner is advised by Counsel that under the Constitution,
28 petitioner is entitled to bail as a matter of right and that the
29 requirement of excessive bail is a denial of bail. Your petition30 er is entitled to freely prepare a defense, to consult with

31 counsel and witnesses, and all of this is denied by the unlawful

32 confinement herein.

XXIII.

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2 Fetitioner was born in St. Louis, Missouri on August 12, 1912.

3 Except for the time that he was in service overseas as hereinafter

4 set forth, petitioner has been continuously a resident of the

5 United States since the time of his birth.

6 XXIV.

7 Petitioner owns his own home, located at 4416 Comly Street,

8 Los Angeles 63, in joint custody with his wife. He has no interest

9 in any other real property.

10 XXV.

Petitioner has lived in Los Angeles continuously since 1936, 12 except for a period of two years, from 1944 to 1946, during which 13 period he was a member of the Armed Forces of the United States, 14 to-wit, the Army, and during which period he served overseas in 15 Okinawa. At the end of said period petitioner was honorably dis-16 charged as a corporal. During his service petitioner served as a 17 chaplain's assistant.

18 XXVI

During his residence in Los Angeles, petitioner has worked 20 at the Vernon Canning Company, which was engaged in work for the 21 defense effort, during which employment he was a member of the 22 Teamsters Union, Local 585, AFL, from which union petitioner now 23 holds a withdrawal card; petitioner has been self-employed as a 24 salvage salesman of railroad material and has been a clerk and 25 driver for a grocery store.

26 XXVII.

Prior to coming to Los Angeles in 1936 petitioner worked as a 28 lewsboy in St. Louis, Missouri for six years, to-wit, the period 29 from 1930 to 1936.

XXVIII.

Petitioner is a graduate of Central High School, St. Louis, 32 Missouri, and lived in St. Louis from the time of his birth until

1 he left for California in 1936.

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XXIX.

In 1938 petitioner was married to Bessie Grossman in Los

4 Angeles, to whom he is still married. There are four children

5 issue of said marriage, Judith, age for; Susan and Myra, twins,

6 age 9, and Barbara, age eleven, all of whom are living with peti
7 tioner and his wife and are solely dependent upon petitioner for

8 support.

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XXX.

Petitioner has lived on the east side of Los Angeles for approximately fifteen years, to-wit, the entire period of his residence in Los Angeles, California. Petitioner has run for public office four times, to-wit, Assemblyman, 1939; Nember of Board of the Education, 1949 and 1951; and County Assessor, 1950; he is still an active member of PTA in the City Terrace area of Los Angeles, and during the entire period of his residence in Los Angeles petitioner has been active in many community activities involving support of an opposition to legislation and other matters of public interest; during the second World War petitioner was a leader in his community in the sale of War Bonds and other war activities; the has donated blood seven times before going into the Armed Services in 1944.

XXXI.

Petitioner has one sister, living in the Beyle Heights area

25 of Los Angeles, California, and his mother, Mrs. Esther Steinberg,

26 a ged sixty-five, is also living in Los Angeles, California.

27 Petitioner's mother has high blood pressure by reason of which she

28 has had to stop work; petitioner and his mother are very close and

29 his imprisonment and inability to see his mother would certainly

XXXII.

30 adversely affect her health.

32 Petitioner is presently earning the sum of \$58.50 per week,

upon which sum his wife and children are entirely dependent for support. Aside from his home, which petitioner owns as aforesaid and an automobile, he has no property, funds or assets of any kind whatsoever.

XXXIII.

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On Wednesday, July 25, 1951, petitioner was openly trailed 7 all day by three carloads of FBI men. During that day he drove with his wife and children to a fiesta, and during that trip he called his wife's attention to the fact that they were obviously 10 being trailed. Following the fiesta petitioner was trailed to the 11 Belvedere Playground, to an ice cream parlor, to his mother's 12 home, and finally to his own home at 11 P. M. Petitfoner went to bed and woke up at 8 A.M. the next day: For a long period of 13 time there have been public announcements of contemplated prose-14 15 cution against persons alleged to be officials of the Communist. Party: during this period of time petitioner has been frequently 16 and publicly alleged by various government officials, including 17 representatives of the United States Attorney's office, to be a 18 leading official of the Communist Party of Los Angeles County; 19 for a long period of time he has had reason to believe, and has 20 believed, that he would probably be prosecuted for violation of 21 Section 2 of the Smith Act in accordance with the threats public 22 made, which threats are referred to above; knowing full well of 23 the encoming prosecutions, he has never intended to, and never 24 has, made any attempt to leave the area, to avoid detection or to 25 avoid arrest; at all times petitioner has intended to be present 26 and defend himself in a trial in the event of any such prosecution 27 all as more fully set forth below. 23.

XXXIV .

In 1948 petitioner was charged with criminal and civil
Contempt of court in the within Court and was convicted on that
charge. Both before trial and after trial pending appeal he was

released on bail in the sum of \$500. On his trial petitioner was sentenced to imprisonment for a period of one year, and it was . pending appeal on this judgment that he was released on bail in the aforesaid sum. At all times during the said proceedings while petitioner was on bail, which to his recollection was for a period of more than one year, he always responded to the orders of the Court requiring him to appear. On appeal his conviction was reversed and bail was exonerated.

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10 A County ordinance directed at members of the Communist Party, requiring registration, was submitted to the County Council, 11 Petitioner appeared before the Board of Supervisors of the County in opposition to said legislation, and it was reported in the press that he had appeared before the Board of Supervisors and had spoken in opposition to the legislation as the Legislative Director of the Communist Party; the aforesaid legislation was adopted, and although he had every reason to believe that he would be among the first to be arrested for alleged violation of that ordinance, petitioner neither left the area nor attempted to do anything to avoid arrest. Petitioner was arrested for violation of that ordinance and was released on \$500 bail. Upon a motion to dismiss the complaint the ordinance was held unconstitutional, the case was dismissed and his bail was exonerated. During the period, which petitioner recalls to be several months and while he was out on bail, he responded to all orders of the Court requiring him to appear in the aforesaid proceedings.

XXXXI.

Petitioner hereby states and represents to this Court that he intends in good faith to remain and that he will remain within the jurisdiction of this Court at all times throughout the prosecution of the proceedings under the indictment and that he does not intend to and will not at any time during such proceedings

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leave the jurisdiction of this Court without the approval of the Court. Petitioner believes that he is not guilty of the offense charged in the indictment and he intends to vigorously prosecute his defense. Petitioner believes that upon the trial of this indictment herein, he will be entitled to a verdict of not guilty and that a conviction upon the allegations thereof would deprive . 6 him of liberties secured to him by the Constitution of the United States. . 10

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In order to properly prepare petitioner's defense with the aid of counsel, it is vital that petitioner be released on reasonable bail. An order was entered by the aforesaid Judge William C. Mathes on August 31, 1951 directing the conditions under which petitioner and the co-defendants could prepare for trial. A copy of the aforesaid Order is annexed hereto and marked Exhibit "C."

The provisions made in the said Order for the conditions under which the petitioner and the co-defendants may prepare for trial remain inadequate, and under the circumstances hereinafter set forth will place onerous burdens upon the petitioner in the preparation of the defense to the charges contained in the indictment. The petitioner avers that unless petitioner is released on reasonable bail, petitioner will be deprived of a fair trial without due process of law.

XXXVIII.

Under the aforesaid Order the petitioner is permitted to work with counsel on the preparation of the case on Mondays through Fridays only between the hours of 9 A.M. and 5 P.M. These limitations upon the hours of work disregard the scope and nature of the preparation which must be made in the case herein and which, if a proper defense is to be made, requires fulltime preparation, especially in the evenings and on weekends. In addition, the petitioner must prepare, under the said Order, with co-defendants and counsel in a room in the Federal Building or at such place as the respondent shall select; while working in said designated room, petitioner is required to bring in meals at petitioner's own expense; bring in books, documents and other materials without censorship as to content only; and allowed to consult with witnesses provided that each witness shall furnish to respondent his name, address, crime record, if any, and general occupation.

2 **Sor the purpose of adequately preparing for their defense 3 hersin it will be necessary for the defendants including petition-4 er to examine and study each of the exhibits offered by the Gov-5 ernment in the case of <u>United States v. Dennis</u> and each of the ex-6 hibits offered by the defendants in said case, for the reason that 7 the indictment herein charges that each of the defendants herein 8 are parties to the same alleged conspiracy which was the basis of 9 the charge against the defendants in the said case of <u>United State</u>

10 v. Dennis.

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In the said case of United States v. Dennis the Government 12 offered at the trial 234 exhibits of which number approximately 14 200 were admitted in evidence. The said exhibits included portions of books such as the "English Version, Seventh World Cong-15 16 ress, Communist International, Volume 15" with more than 850 pages 17 excerpts from numerous editions of the Daily Worker and excerpts 18 from numerous other pamphlets and documents published over a per-19 iod of many years. For example, the first twenty Government ex-20 hibits out of the total of 234 offered were:

- 1. Photostatic copy of an article from "Daily Worker" of October 2, 1935.
- 23 2. Pages 861 and 862 of book entitled "English Version.

 24 Seventh World Congress. Communist International 8/8/35"-
 25 Vol. 15.
- 3. Excerpts from booklet entitled "Program of the Communist International." (These excerpts ran from page 14473 to page 14520 in the Joint Appendix of the said case of <u>United</u> States v. <u>Dennis.</u>)
- 30 4. Excerpts from Manual entitled "Manual of Organization"
 31 by J. Peters. (These excerpts ran from page 14521 to 14536
 32 in the said Joint Appendix.)

1 5. Excerpts from Manual entitled "Why Communism?" by M.
2 J. Olgin. (These excerpts ran from page 14537 to 14555 in

3 the said Joint Appendix.)

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- 5. Book entitled "Foundations of Leninism," by Joseph Stalin. (The entire book consisting of 123 printed pages was admitted in evidence.)
 - 7. Article "Strengthen National Unity," by Earl Browder, from "The Worker," dated 1/16/44, Mag. Sec., pages 7-12.
 - 8. Booklet entitled "The Communist," dated Feb., 1944.
- 10 8-A. Pages 107 and 108 of booklet entitled "The Commu-11 nist" of Feb., 1944.
 - 9. Pamphlet entitled "The Path to Peace, Progress and Prosperity" May 20-22, 1944.
- 14 10. Page 10 of New York Times 5/7/45.
- 15 . 11. Page 1 of New York World Telegram 5/22/45.
- 16 12. Photostat of "Daily Worker" of 5/24/45.
- 17 12-A. Article, "On the Dissolution of the Communist Party
 18 of the United States of America," by Jacques Duclos, from
 19 pages 7, 8 and 9 of "Daily Worker" of 5/24/45. (This art20 icle ran from page 14557 to 14580 in the said Joint Appen21 dix.)
- 22 13. Photostat of "Daily Worker" of June 4, 1945.
- 23 13-A. Article "The Present Situation and Next Tasks"
- 24 Resolution of National Board Communist Political Associa-
- 25 tion adopted June 2, 1945, from pages 4 and 5 of "Daily
- 26 Worker" of June 4, 1945. (This article ran from page
- 27 14581 to page 14594 in the said Joint Appendix.)
- 28 14. Photostat of "Daily Worker" of June 10, 1945.
- 14-A. Article "On Revisionism in the C.P.A." from pages
 30 7 and 8 of "Daily Worker" of June 10, 1945. (This article
- 31 ran from page 14594 to 14601 in the said Joint Appendix.)
- 32 15. Photostat of "Daily Worker" of June 16, 1945.

- 1 15-A. Article "Thompson Discusses Browder's Program" by
- 2 Bob Thompson, page 7 of "Daily Worker" of June 16, 1945.
- 3 16. A letter.
- 4 17. Booklet entitled "Political Affairs," dated July, 1945,
- 5 and excerpts from said booklet as indicated. (These ex-
- 6 cerpts ran from page 14608 to page 14652 in the said Joint
- 7 Appendix.)
- 8 . 18. Photostat of "Daily Worker" of June 22, 1945.
- 9 18-A. Article "CPA National Committee backs Resolution,
- 10 Calls Convention," page 2 of "Daily Worker" of June 22,
- 11 1945.
- 12. 19. Photostat of "Daily Worker" of 6/23/45.
- 13 19-A. Article "Call CPA Convention July 26" from page 3
- 14 of "Daily Worker" of 6/23/45.
- 15 20. Photostat of "The Worker" of 6/24/45.
- 16 20-A. Article "Says Leadership Can't Shirk Responsibili-
- 17 ties for Errors," by John Williamson, from page 8 of "The
- 18 Worker" of 6/24/45.
- The defense in that case offered 346 exhibits of which 93
- 20 were admitted in evidence. The said exhibits were similar in
- 21 . source and length to those offered by the prosecution.

23 In order to adequately prepare for the defense it will be

24 necessary for the defendants including petitioner to examine each

25 of the aforeseld exhibits in their entirety in order to ascertain

26. whether portions of the exhibits not offered or received in evi-

- 27 dence may be used to rebut the inferences which the Government
- 28 will ask the jury to draw from the portions of the exhibits which
- 29 it offers. In addition, it will be necessary for the defendants
- 30 to examine numerous other books, pamphlets and newspapers in order
- 31 to determine what related material is available to them for the
- 32 purposes mentioned above.

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Many of the books, documents and pamphlets are, so far as defendants know, not readily available at any one place and it will be necessary for defendants to examine the bibliographies of various libraries such as the Los Angeles Public Library, the University of California Library at Los Angeles, the Huntington Library, and others, and to visit various book stores to determine what books and pamphlets they have available, to examine their own files, records and libraries, as well as to seek to find other persons who may have some of said books, pamphlets or documents available.

XLIII

The defendants including petitioner have been advised by their counsel that it will be impossible for their counsel to undertake the responsibility for this work and that if preparation is to be made with respect to the various documents which may be offered on behalf of the Government and which should be offered on behalf of the defense, it will be necessary for the defendants themselves to secure such documents to become thoroughly familiar with them, to analyze them and to present their analysis to their said counsel.

XLIV .

23 In addition to the books, records and documents offered by 24. both sides in the case of United States v. Dennis, it will be ne-25 cessary for the defendants including petitioner to examine numer-26 ous publications, pamphlets and similar documents which were is-27 sued on the West Coast which it will be necessary for the defen-28 dants to secure from the various sources enumerated above in order 29 to prepare to meet evidence which the Government may offer with 30 respect to the ideas and beliefs and the speech and writings of these defendants, and in order to present their own defense with 32. respect to such ideas, beliefs, speech and writings.

It will be absolutely impossible for the defendants to prepare their defense unless they are in a position to visit their
various homes and offices, the libraries mentioned above, book
stores, the homes of persons who may have material available, and
other places where they may discover that some of the material
needed is available.

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In addition, they will require the opportunity frequently to consult privately and confidentially with their counsel, both in dividually and in groups. They will also require assistance from research persons, secretaries and other persons with whom they must consult frequently and regularly in order to undertake even the beginnings of the vast job of preparation which confronts them.

16 XLVII

The tremendous task of preparation would present many problem.

18 even if the defendants were free on bail. The indictment in this case being based on the alleged ideas and beliefs allegedly held by the defendants as well as the ideas and beliefs allegedly contained in books, documents, newspapers and other writings present a unique problem from the standpoint of preparation for trial.

23 There is involved in this case the fundamental principles of Marx

24 ism-Leninism, a world view of nature and society first developed 25 by Marx and Engels over 100 years ago and having its origin in 26 much of the prior thought of mankind especially British classical 27 political economy, French materialism and German classical ideal-28 ism, especially that of Hegel. Marxism was added to and extended 29 and further developed over the period of a century on the basis of

30 new conditions and new experiences throughout the world. Leninis

31 is a further development of Marxism in the period referred to by

32 Lenin as the epoch of imperialism.

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As a comprehensive world view, Marxism-Leninism embraces ald aspects of nature and society. It consequently deals with innum-4 erable teachings, doctrines, laws, concepts, theories and tenden-5 cies in such spheres as history, philosophy, political economy, sociology, etc.

XLIX

The principles of Marxism and Leninism, their development and their application in concrete situations, are not contained in any single text or compendia but are contained in the writings of many Marxist scholars and philosophers published over many years and in many countries. The defendants in this case must prepare to defend themselves against the charge that they have conspired to advocate matters which may appear in any one of the thousands upon thousands of publications upon which the Government might rely. In addition, they must be prepared to present their own views in respect to these innumerable documents. Never before the Dennis case has any court of law sought to try such a body of doctrine and thinking. In this type of trial, a trial of books and ideas, only the most intensive and concentrated work will permit even the minimum amount of preparation necessary for the defendants to present a defense.

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The indictment herein charges that as a part of the alleged conspiracy petitioner and the other persons named in the indictment, and divers unnamed persons, would write and cause to be written articles and directives in publications of the Communist Party of the United States of America, including but not limited to "Political Affairs," "Daily People's World," "Daily Worker" and "The Worker."

LI

With respect to the said Daily People's World, as alleged in

the petition of Philip Marshall Connelly, this newspaper was pub-

. 2 lished last year Monday through Friday of each week and prior to

that time and for a number of years prior to April 1, 1945, said

4 newspaper was published Monday through Saturday of each week.

order, therefore, just to examine and analyze the issues of the 5

said paper commencing April 1, 1945 (the date when the alleged con-.6

spiracy herein was begun) it would be necessary to examine 1,770 -7

issues of not less than four pages and as many as eight to ten . 8

pages of conventional size or tabloid size newspaper. The other . 9

publications named in the indictment herein are, on information 0...

and belief, of considerable volume probably exceeding in size that 11

of the Daily People's World as aforesaid. 15

13

14 In order to properly prepare the defense herein as above out-

lined, there is need for petitioner's freedom on reasonable beil 15.

so that petitioner can earn his livelihood and obtain the necessary 16

.17 funds required in a legal defense of the scope hereinabove stated.

18 Petitioner cannot properly prepare a defense while petitioner and

petitioner's witnesses are subject to surveillance and confinement

in a room, where petitioner is unable to earn a livelihood and 20

where the time for consultation among counsel, witnesses and peti-21

55 tioner is severely limited.

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LHII

24 In view of the facts and circumstances hereinabove set forth,

petitioner respectfully submits to the Court that petitioner is at the present time unlawfully imprisoned and restrained of petition-

er's liberty; that petitioner's imprisonment and detention are il-

legal, arbitrary and a denial of rights secured to petitioner by

the Constitution of the United States and that bail in the sum of

\$50,000 is so excessive and so unreasonable as to constitute an

absolute denial of petitioner's right to bail and petitioner's 31

32 right as a matter of due process of law to properly defend peti-

tioner against the charges which have been brought against peti-2 tioner. .3 That no previous application for a writ of habeas corpus has 5. been made in this matter to any other court except as hereinabove alleged. WHEREFORE, petitioner prays that a writ of habeas corpus may issue directed to James J. Boyle, United States Marshal, Southern 9 District of California, Central Division, and to any other offi-7.0 cers having custody of the body of your petitioner, commanding him 11 to have the body of your petitioner produced before this Court at 12 a. time and place to be specified, to do and receive what shall 13 then and there be considered concerning your petitioner together 14 with time and cause of petitioner's detention and said writ, and 15 that this honorable Court order and direct that petitioner be re-16 leased from such custody forthwith upon such reasonable bail as 17 may be determined in the premises. 18 DATED: This 4th day of September, 1951. 19 (mifel Septele 4, ins) but Henry Steinberg 20 21 22 23 24

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EXHIBIT A

3 Central District was examined. Approximately 186 cases were

The Pending Register of Federal Criminal Actions in the

4	ball cases. The only cases where bail was fixed	at \$10,000
.5	or more is the annexed list. Many of these annex	ked indict-
6	ments contained more than one count.	
. 7	CHARGE PENALTY	BAIL
8	Mail fraud and conspiracy 5 years - \$10,000	\$25,000
9	(5 counts)	
10	Failure to self-deport) 10 years	25,000
11	Failure to self-deport) 10 years	15,000
12	Concealing assets in bank 5 years - \$5,000	15,000
13	Transmission of threatening	
14	letters 5 years - \$1,000	15,000
15	Transmission of threatening	
16	letters 5 years - \$1,000	10,000
17	Perjury. 5 years - \$2,000	10,000
18	Evasion of Income Tax 5 years - \$10,000	10,000
1/9	Firearms in Interstate	
20	Commerce 5 years - \$2,000	10,000
21	Robbery of United States Mail 10 years	10,000
22	Conspiracy to defraud Govt. 10 years - \$10,000	10,000 re-
23		duced to 5,000
24.	Concealing assets 5 years - \$5,000	10,000
25	Smith Act Prosecutions in New York	
25	(1) Dennis v. U. S 12 defendants	
27	\$5,000 after indictment. After convi	iction -
28	\$20,000 each - fixed by Circuit Court	t. Bail
29	continued by Jackson, J., pending app	olications
30	for writ (Williamson v. U. S., 95 L.	Ed. Adv. 10)
31		

*	1	(2) U. S. v. Flynn, et al
	2	Flynn, Perry, Gerson, Bachrach, Weinstock, Lanno
	3	Jerome, Weinstone, Charney, Begun, Johnson.
	4	\$10,000 - Increase to \$50,000 sought, denied.
	5	Jones, Gannet, and Bittelman - \$20,000 - In-
	6	crease to \$75,000 sought, denied. Mindel -
	7	\$5,000 - Increase to \$50,000 sought, denied.
	8	Amter - \$1,000 - no increase sought.
	9	(3) Hawaii-U.S. v. Hall, et al
	10	Bail fixed by Commissioner for 7 defendants at
	11	\$75,000. Reduced by Judge Delbert E. Metzger
	12	to \$5,000. After indictment, bail fixed at
l.o.	13	\$7,500.
	14	(4) Pittsburgh-West Virginia-U.S. v. Nelson, et al
	15	Bail fixed by Commissioner in sum of \$100,000.
	15	Reduced by Judge William Kirkpatrick in Phila-
	179	delphia to \$20,000.
	18	(5) Baltimore-U.S. v. Frankfeld
	19	Bail fixed by Commissioner at \$75,000. Reduced
	20	for one defendant to \$5,000; second defendant
	21	to \$17,500; third defendant to \$10,000.
-	32 ·	Terminal Island Four
	23	(Carlson v. U.S.)
	24 .	Charge - Alien Communists and advocates of force
-	25)and violence. Pending deportation proceedings,
	26	bail denied by Attorney General, District Court
	27	and Circuit Court. On application for writ of
	28	certicrari, bail in sum of \$5,000 unanimously
	29	fixed by United States Supreme Court sitting
	30	as entire body.

ANALYSIS

Of the approximately 186 cases examined July 30, 1951

4 (total in the Pending Register), about 175 fixed bail at less

5 than \$10,000. The following is a tabulation:

6	Bail .	No. of Cases
7	\$7,500	. 8
8	2 5,000	20
9	3,500	1 .
10	3,000	6
11	2,500	18
12 :	2,000	14
13	1,500	18 1
14	1,000	47
15	500	55
16	250	1
17	Own Recognizance	55

The cases where the penalty was 5 years and up totalled approximately 158 in number, or about 30% of the total number of cases. The average bail in all of the cases where the penalty was 5 years an up amounts to less than 3,000.

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- 3

1 The following are the cases in the Pending Register of Criminal

2 Actions in Central District where the bail was below \$10,000:

				410,000.
3	CHARGE	PENALTY	COUNTS	BAIL
4	Forgery	10-41,000	3	1,000
5	Passing altered money order	5- 5,000	2	2,000
6	Forging and uttering U. S.	3		<u> </u>
7	Treasury check	10- 1,000	2	1,000
8	Forging and uttering check	5- 1,000	2 Own	Recogni zance
9	Forging and uttering check	5- 1,000	2 .	500
10	Forging and uttering			
11	Government obligation	5- 1,000	2	1,000
12	Harboring and concealing			
13	aliens	5- 1,000	1	1,500
14	Possession and sale of			
15	narcotics	10- 5,000	2 =	500
16	Illegal wearing uniform,			
17	U.S. Army	6mos 250	1	500
18	Unlawful wearing U.S.			
19	Navy Uniform	6 mos 250	3	500
20	Forging and uttering			
01	Government draft	10- 1,000	. 5	1,000
55	Unlawful possession of			
23	ration points and on the	1-10,000	1	5,000
24	Forgery, personation and			
.25	Conspiracy	10-10,000	4	3,000
26	Forgery, personations and			
27	· Conspiracy	10-10,000	4	2,000
58	Conspiracy, possession of			
29	writings and sugar stamps	5-10,000	5 .	5,000
30	Conspiracy, possession of	•		
31	writings and sugar stamps	5-10,000	5 Own	Recognizance
32				

			3 4 2 5	
1	CHARGE	PENALTY	COUNTS	BAIL
5	Buying and selling meat			
3	in excess of price			
0 4	control .	5-\$10,000	5	\$ 5,000
. 5	Concealment of assets			
6.	from trustee in		3	
7	bankruptcy	5- 5,000	3	10,000
8	Attempt to wreck a train	5- 5,000	1 .	5,000
9	Mailing scurrilous postal		· · · ·	
. 10	cards	5- 5,000	. 5	500
11	False claim of chtizen-		0	
12	ship	5 10,000	1	2,500
13	Internal Revenue Code			
14	(Fraudulent income	5-10,000	•	
15	tax return)	3-10,000		
16	Failure to report for			
17	induction and to keep Board informed of			
18	address	5-10,000	2	2,500
19		death		No Ball
50	Treason	death		NO DAIL
. 21	Transport stolen motor			
52	vehicle	5- 5,000	1	5,000
23	False claim of citizen-			(a) (b) (c)
24	ship	5-10,000	. 1	500
25	Conspiracy and fraud	Community of the contract of t		
26	vs. Government	5-10,000	24	10,000* on motion
27				to 5,000)
.88	Mann Act	5- 5,000	1	1,000
30	Servicemen's Readjustment	ال المادي		
30	Act #44	1- 1,000 8	4	Own Recognic
31	Transport stolen motor			
32	vehicle * Referred to in Exhibit A	5- 5,000	1	
1	" Vereined of TH EVITOTO W			* ;

1. CHARGE	PENALTY	COUNTS	BAIL	
2 Juvenile Delinquency				
3 Forgery U.S. Money Order)	1		-
4 Mailing obscene letter	10-\$ 5,000	. 1	\$ 2,500	
5 Engage in business of		5	3	
6 purchasing spirits for	•	S.C.		
. 7 resale without basic		•		
8 permit		2	2,500	
9 Transport stolen motor			2,500	
10 vehicle	5- 5,000	1		•
11 Forging and cashing	e-			
12 Government bonds	10- 1,000	2	2,500	
13 Theft of mail	9 5- 2,000	ı	1,000	
14 Forging Government				
15 Obligation	15- 5,000	1	500	1
16 Bank robbery, transport-			?	: .
17 ing interstate stolen				
18 money and flight to .				
19 avoid prosecution	25-10,000	3 Hel	d No Bond	
20 Forging and uttering			a no bond	
31 Government check	10- 1,000	2	1,000	
22 Transporting stolen motor			0	•
23 vehicle in foreign				
24 commerce	5- 5,000	1	3,000	•
25		(red 2,00	duced to	
26 Anti-trust conspiracy to		2,00		
37 fix, determine, establish			35	
29 and maintain noncompetitive				
29 prices, etc. of fire				٥
30 extinguishers	14 5,000	1 0	Pagamet	
31		zance	Recogni-	
	- 4		1,000}	

1	CHARGE	PENAL	<u>nv</u>	COUNTS	BAIL
5	Theft of Government		9		
3	property, forging	1.50			
4	and uttering Govern-				
5	ment checks	10- \$	10,000	4	\$ 2,500
6	Sale and possession of			* * **	
7	narcotics	10-	5,000	2	2,500
8	Conspiracy, false state-				
9	ments to Government	. 5-	10,000	. 5	3,000
10	Purchase of narcotics,				
11	receiving and trans-				
12	porting narcotics	10-	5,000	. 5	2,500
13	Forging postal money		1	1	
14	order	5-	5,000	4	500
15	False statement in appli-				
16	. cation for Survivors	2.	P. 1		
17	Insurance Benefits	1-	1,000	12	1,000
1.8	Evasion of Income Tax	5-	10,000	1.	1,000
19	Migratory	6 m	500	1.	
30	Embezzlement, abstraction,				
?1	misapplication funds				
22	H.O.L.C., and false				
23	entry in book	5-	10,000	24	Own Recogni-
24					5,000)
25	Evasion income taxes	5-	10,000	. 5	1,000 Released Own
26		*			Rexognizance on Motion
. 27	Evasion income taxes	5-	10,000	1	1,000
28	Misapolication and				
38	Embezzlement of National				
30	bank funds	5=	5,000	6	1,000
31	Evasion income taxes	5-	10,000	2	2,000
32	0				*

. 1	THANGE .	PEN	ALCY	COUNTS	BAIL
2	Evasion income taxes.	5-	\$10,000	2	Own Recongi-
3 4 5	Failure to file in-	1-	10,000	1	\$ 2,500 Released own recognizance
	Forging and uttoring		<i>f</i>	Š	
	Forging and uttering government checks	.10-	1,000	2	1,000
777	Transporting stolen	,10-	1,000		1,000
	car	5-	5,000	* 1	1,000
	Transmission Inter-				
	state threatening .				
. 12					
13					
14	letters	20-	5,000	4	15,000*
15	Sale of narcotics	10-	5,000	2.	1,500
16	False statement in	A	1		
,	Tarbo academone Tar	* 1			
17					
17					
17	application for			4	400
17	application for Federal Housing	ke		4	400
17	application for Federal Housing Loan Conspiracy to defraud, ma	ke		4	400
17 18 19 20	application for Federal Housing Loan Conspiracy to defraud, ma	ke		4	400
17 16 19 20 21	application for Federal Housing Loan Conspiracy to defraud, ma pass, utter and pub- lish statements re:		10,000		2,000
17 18 29 20 21 22 23 24	application for Federal Housing Loan Conspiracy to defraud, man pass, utter and pub- lish statements re: FHA Title Loan applicat Conspiracy to defraud, man	ion 5-	10,000		
17 18 29 20 21 22 23 24 25	application for Federal Housing Loan Conspiracy to defraud, man pass, utter and pub- lish statements re: FIIA Title Loan applicat Conspiracy to defraud, man pass, utter pub-	ion 5-	10,000		
17 18 29 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	application for Federal Housing Loan Conspiracy to defraud, man pass, utter and publish statements re: FIIA Title Loan applicate Conspiracy to defraud, man pass, utter publish statements re:	ion 5-	10,000		
17 18 29 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	application for Federal Housing Loan Conspiracy to defraud, ma pass, utter and pub- lish statements re: FHA Title Loan applicat Conspiracy to defraud, ma pass, utter pub- lish statements re: FHA Title Loan	ion 5-		41	2,000
27 28 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	application for Federal Housing Loan Conspiracy to defraud, man pass, utter and publish statements re: FIIA Title Loan applicate Conspiracy to defraud, man pass, utter publish statements re: Ish statements re: FHA Title Loan Application	ion 5-	10,000	41	
27 28 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Application for Federal Housing Loan Conspiracy to defraud, man pass, utter and publish statements re: FILA Title Loan applicate Conspiracy to defraud, man pass, utter publish statements re: FHA Title Loan Application Perjury before ICC, making	ion 5-		41	2,000
27 28 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Application for Federal Housing Loan Conspiracy to defraud, man pass, utter and publish statements re: FIIA Title Loan applicate Conspiracy to defraud, man pass, utter publish statements re: Ish statements re: FHA Title Loan Application Perjury before ICC, making false statements on oan	ion 5-	10,000	41	2,000
27 28 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Application for Federal Housing Loan Conspiracy to defraud, man pass, utter and publish statements re: FHA Title Loan applicate Conspiracy to defraud, man pass, utter publish statements re: Ish statements re: FHA Title Loan Application Perjury before ICC, making false statements on one	th		41	2,000

	CLEOR	PENAI	TY	COUNTS	BAIL
æ	Anti-trust, fixing	€			
3	prices for fish	1- \$	5,000	2	\$ 1,000
. 4	Perjury; false state-				
.5	ments to and con-				
6	cealing facts from		•	· W. D.	a.
7	Department of Army	5-	2,000	6	Own Recogni
8	Official asking and				zance
9	accepting bribe	3-		14	1,000
10	Embezzlement and theft	*			
11	of U.S. property				
12	False documents				
13	Filed with Department				
14	of Agriculture	5-	10,000	28	Own Recogni-
1.5					zance then 3,5000
	Contempt, failure to				
1.7	appear before Grand	1			
3	Jury			1	1,000
19	Forging U.S.				
20	Treasury Checks	10-	1,000	8	
		10-			1,000
11.1	Concealment of narcotics			1	2,000
7 38 81				.1	
	Perjury committed before	10-		.1	
23	Perjury committed before	10-	5,000	.1 1 5	2,000
23 24	Perjury committed before Federal Grand Jury	10- 5- 5-	5,000 2,000 10,000	1	2,000 5,000 25,000* 500
23 24	Perjury committed before Federal Grand Jury Mail fraud and Conspiracy Mail fraud and Conspiracy	10- 5- 5-	5,000 2,000 10,000	1 5	2,000 5,000 25,000* 500 (vacated and released on
23 24 25	Perjury committed before Federal Grand Jury Mail fraud and Conspiracy Mail fraud and Conspiracy	10- 5- 5-	5,000 2,000 10,000	1 5	2,000 5,000 25,000* 500 (vacated and
23 24 25 26	Perjury committed before Federal Grand Jury Mail fraud and Conspiracy Mail fraud and Conspiracy	10- 5- 5-	5,000 2,000 10,000	1 5	2,000 5,000 25,000* 500 (vacated and released on own recogni
23 24 25 26 27	Perjury committed before Federal Grand Jury Mail fraud and Conspiracy Mail fraud and Conspiracy Accessory to bank robber	10- 5- 5-	5,000 2,000 10,000	1 5	2,000 5,000 25,000* 500 (vacated and released on own recogni
23 24 25 26 27 28	Perjury committed before Federal Grand Jury Mail fraud and Conspiracy Mail fraud and Conspiracy Accessory to bank robbers and receiving proceeds	10- 5- 5-	5,000 2,000 10,000 10,000	1 5	2,000 5,000 25,000* 500 (vacated and released on own recogni
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 50	Perjury committed before Federal Grand Jury Mail fraud and Conspiracy Mail fraud and Conspiracy Accessory to bank robbers and receiving proceeds	10- 5- 5- 5-	5,000 2,000 10,000 10,000	1 5 5	5,000 5,000* 500 (vacated and released on own recognizance)
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 50	Perjury committed before Federal Grand Jury Mail fraud and Conspiracy Mail fraud and Conspiracy Accessory to bank robber; and receiving proceeds thereof *Referred to in Exhibit	10- 5- 5- 5-	5,000 2,000 10,000 10,000	1 5 5	5,000 5,000* 500 (vacated and released on own recognizance)

:

	1	CHARGE	PENALTY.	COUNTS	FAIL
	. 5	Conspiracy to commit			
	3	offenses in vio-			
	4	lation of Title			
	. 5	47, Sec. 635;			9
	6	(Unauthorized			
	7	publication or use	001		
	3	of communications)	5-\$10,000	1	\$ 7,500
	9	Conspiracy to commit			
	10	offenses in vio-			
	11	lation of Title 47			
	12.	Sec. 605; (Unauth-			
	1.3	orized publication			
	14.	or use of communi-			
	15,	cations)	5-10,000	1	1,000
	2.5	Evasion of income tax	5- 10,000	3	1,500
	1.7	Evasion of income tax	5-10,000	2	1,500
	18	Transport interstate			
	1.9	of stolen auto	5- 5,000	1	3,000
	20,	Evasion of income tax	5- 10,000	1	1,000
	.31	Transport forged			
	. 55	security	70 110 000		
	23	interatate	10, 10,000	, 1	2,000
	34	Mailing obscene			
	26	matter	10- 5,000	13	2,000
,	25	Illegal impor-			
	27	tation and			
	23	concealment of			
	29	narcotics .	10- 5,000		2,500
	50	Embezzlement and			
	31	theft of U.S propery	10- 10,000 .	20	Own Recogni-
	32		- 10	•	zance
			7 10		

1 CHARGE	PE	VALTY	COUNT	BAIL
2 Concealing assets and con-				
3 cealing records in con-				
4 tempt of Bankruptcy;				
5 Conspiracy; mail fraud	5- \$	10,000	6	\$ 5,000
6 Misbranded device and drug		•		•
7. in interstate commerce	1-	1,000	1	own recogni-
8 False claim of citizenship	5-	10,000	2	zance 7,500
9 Evasion income tax	5-	10,000	2	1,500
10 Transport stolen motor vehicle	95-	5,000	1	3,000
11 Ship misbranded drug in				
12 interstate commerce	1-	1,000	2	Own recogni
13 Mail fraud	5-	1,000	17	zance 2,500
14 Robbery from mails	5-	10,000	1	10,000*
15 Evasion income tax	5-	10,000.	4	1,500
16 Evasion income tax	5	10,000	2	1,500
17 Evasion income tax	5-	10,000	5	1,500
18 Evasion income tax	5-	10,000	4	1,500
19 Evasion income tax	5-	10,000	4.	1,500
20 Evasion income tax	5-	10,000	4	1,500
The Conspiracy to commit offens-		1		
22 es against U.S.; conspiracy	1		1	
23 to cause to be made false				
24 papers re: Veterans Eligi-				
25 bility for Home Loans under				
26 Servicemen's Readj. Act, 1944	5-	10,000	9 .	1,000
27 Evasion income tax	5-	10,000	4	1,500
28 Failure to register firearm;			- /	
29 Interstate transport. unreg-				. / .
3) istered Firearm	5-	2,000	2	10,000*
31 Interstate transport motor				200
32 vehicle stolen	5-	5,000	1	2,000
*Referred to in Exhibit A				*

	CHARGE	PENALTY	COUNTS	BAIL
	Illegal sale of			
3	narcotics	5 - \$2,000	. 3	2,500
4	IRC - evasion of			
5	income tax;		-	
6	"aking false statements			
- 7	(*ickey Cohen case)	5 - 10,000	5	10,000#
8			. 0-	(reduced to 5,000)
9	JRC - evasion of			
10	income tax;			
11	Paking false			*
12	statements (Mickey:			
.13	Cohen case - wife)	5 - 10,000	1	2,500
14	Theft of mail,			
15	obstruction of			
10	correspondence	5 - 2,000	1	1,000
17	Transport stolen car	5 - 5,000	1	1,000
.18	Theft of mail by		•	\.
19	postal employee	5 - 2,000	1	1,000
20	Failure to report for	1.		
21	induction	5 - 10,000	1	5,000
22	Perjury committed before			
23	Crand Jury	5 - 2,000	2	10,000*
24	Obstruction of	_,		
25	correspondence	5 - 500	1	2,000
26	Transport stolen auto	5 - 5,000	1	5,000
27	Failure to report for			
.28	induction	5 - 10,000	1	2,500
29	Failure to file		-	
30	Questionnaire	5 - 1,000	2	2,500
31	* Referred to in			
32	Exhibit A		* 1 × 1	
		EXHIBIT "B"		

EXHIBIT "B"

**.				
1.	CHARGE	PWAIMY	COUNTS	BAIL
2	Soliciting and attempt-			
3.	ing to sell auto in			
4	excess of maximum		14	
5	ceiling price		4	500
6	Concealment of assets			
7	and records in bank-			
8	ruptcy; conspiracy,			
9	mail fraud	5 - 10,000	3 Own	Recognizance
10	Failed and refused to		1.	
11	be inducted	5 - 10,000	1	2,500
12	Illegal possession of			
13	l'arijuana	5 - 2,000	1	1,500
14	Conspiracy to corruptly			
15	endeavor to influence			
16	a witness and solici-			
17.	tation of a bribe by			40
18	such witness	5 - 10,000	1 Own	Recognizance
19	Failure to register			
50	firearm	5 - 2,000	1	1,000
21	Failure to register			-
28	firearm	5 - 2,000	1	1,000
23	Servicemen's Readj.			
2.4	Act 1944	1 -1,000	3	500
25	Transport Stolen Auto.	5 - 5,000	1	1,000
26	Failure to report for			•
27	induction	5 - 10,000	0 1 (no	5,000 duced to
28			11.0	1,000)
29	Theft of mail by			
30	postel employee	5 - 2,000	4	1,000
31	Theft of mail by			
. 32	nostal employee	5 - 2,000	3	1,500
	EXH	IBIT "B"		

1.	CHARCE	PUNALITY	Cours	BAIL
- 2	Transport stolen car	5 - 5,000	1	\$2,000
3	Transport stölen car	5 - 5,000	1	5,000
4.	Transport stolen car	5 - 5,000	1	1;000
5	Breaking into building	4		
6	used in part as			\
7.	Post Office	5 - 1,000	1	5,000
8	Tail fraud	5 - 1,000	11	5,000
. 9	Conspiracy; embezzle-			
10	ment funds Wational			
11	Bank	5 - 10,000	4 •	1,000
12	Theft from interstate	e -		_
13	shipment and re-			
14	ceiving stolen goods	10- 5,000	12	5,000
	Forging of postal			
16				
17	and uttering same	5 - 5,000	8	500
18	Failure to report for.	- /		
19	induction	5 - 10,000	1	4,500
20	Failure to report for			
21	induction	5 - 10,000	. 1	1,000
22	Theft of mail	5 - 2,000	1	1,000
23	Mail threatening	aş		
24	letter	20 - 5,000	1	10,000*
25.	Illegal possession of			
26	Farijuana	5 - 2,000	1	1,000
27		6 mos-10,000	•	
28	Eair Labor Standards Act	6 mos-10,000		Recognizance
14	Fair Labor Standards Act			Reconizance
30	Federal Food, Drug and			
	Cosmetics Act (Adul-	te.		
- 1	terated food in Int.Com.)	1 - 1,000	18 Own	Recognizance
	* Referred to	1,000	LO CWI	cognizatio
	in Exhibit A			
	•			-/-

1	CHARGE	PEN	MA	COUNT	SAIL
2	Federal Food, Drug and	. (.			
3	Cosmetics Act (Adul-				
• 4	terated food in in-				
5	terstate commerce)	1 .	0 1,000	. 4	Own Recognizance
. 6	Forging Government Check	10 -	1,000	.2	5,000
7	Obstruction of mail	5 -	2,000	2	5,000
8	Theft from interstate	- 1			
9	shipment	10 -	5,000	3 .	1,000
10	Theft on Government				. \
11	Reservation	5 -	5,000	2	500
12	Illegal wearing				
13	uniforms	6 -	250 .	1	1,000
14	Infringement of copy-				
15	righted movies	1 -	1,000	4	Own Recognizance
16	False claim for unem-				
17	ployment insurance				
18	benefits from R.R.			•	
19	retirement board	1 -	10,000	4	Own Recognizance
20	Transport stolen fire-				
21	arm	5 -	5,000	1	2,000
22	Failure to be inducted	5 -	10,000	1	1,000
23	Failure to be inducted	5 -	10,000	1	3,000
24	Forging and uttering .	•1		•	
25	Government check	10 -	1,000	2	1,000
26	Theft of mail	5 - 3	2,000	3.	1,000
27	Theft of ma il by				
28	postal émployee	5 - 1	2,000	2	500
. 29	Theft of mail by	•.			. 0
30	postal employee	5 - 1	5,000	. 2	500
31.	Theft of mail by			0	
32	postal employee	. 5 - 1	2,000	2	1,000
	EXH	IBIT "	В".		•

. 1	CHARGE	PENALTY	cou	NTS BAIL	
2.	Failure to be inducted	5 - \$10,00	00 1	1,000)
3	Embezzlement of funds				*
4	National Bank	5 - 5,00	00 4	1,000)
5	Forging and uttering				
. 6	forged Postal		8	•	6.5
7	Money Order	5 - 5,000	2	250)
. 8	Forging Government Check	10 - 1,000	3	1,500	
9	Failure to register				
10	firearm	5 - 2,000	1	1,000)
11	Causing false claim to				*
12	be made to Veterans!			4	. *,
13	Adminstration re:				
14	Appraisal	1 - 1,000	1	Own	•
: 15				· recognizance	9.
16	False claim for unemploy-				
17	ment insurance benefits				
18	R.R. retirement board	1 - 10,000		Own recognizance then 500	
19		0	. (then 500	
20	False claim for unemploy-				
21	ment incurance R.R. retire	•=			
.22	ment board	1 - 10,000) 4	Own Recognizance then 500 .	9
23.	Juvenile delinquency	· gu	u.		
24	transfer of marijuana		. 1	500	
25	Illegal sale of marijuana	5 - 2,000	2	2,500	
26	Forging and uttering				
27.	Government check	10 - 1,000	2	1,000	,
29)	Embezzlement of funds				
100	of National Bank	5 - 500	. 4	Own recognizan	co
30		1		4	7
31		1			· ie

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i	CHARGE	PENALTY	COUNTS	BAIL
. 2	Interstate transport		France .	
5	falsely made			
4	security	10 - \$10,000	.1	2,500.
5	False claim unemploy-	• • •		
6	ment insurance bene-		No.	
7	fits R.R. retirement			
. 8	board	1 - 10,000		Recognizance hen 500
9				
. 10	Impersonation as			5,000
iı	Federal Officer	3 - 1,000	4	3,000
12	Thest of mail by			500
13	postal employee	5 - 2,000	2	500
	Illegal wearing Marine			-00
14	Corps uniform	6 mos500	1	500
.16	.False claim of citi-		9	
	zenship	3 - 1,000	1	1,000
17	Theft of mail by 0			
18	Postal employee	5 - 2,000	2	500
19	Illegal sale and			
20	Possession of	О		
21	arijuana	5 - 2,000	2	2,000
22	Theft of mail by			. 0
23	• Fostal employee	5 - 2,000	2	3,000
24	Theft of Government			
25	property .	10 - 10,000	4	1,000
26	Illegal possession			
27		5 - 2,000	1	1,000
28				
. 29				
30				
31				
32		2 - 10,000	9	2,500
		XHIBIT "B"		
n20		-17-	1	

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Plaintiff.

VILLIAM SCHNEIDER AN. et al..

Defendants.

Pursuant to stipulation of the parties hereto, the 18 .United States Marshal IS HEREBY ORDERED AND DIRECTED to take the steps necessary to permit each and all of the defendants in the above-entitled matter to have the following conditions for preparation for trial:

CENTRAL DIVISION

No. 21883-Crim.

- 1. Upon one days notice, or upon being furnished a schedule in advance, the said defendants shall be permitted to work with their attorneys on the preparation of their case at any and all times between the hours of 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Mondays through Fridays, inclusive, in Room 243B of the Rederal Building in the city of Los Angeles, or at such place as the United States Marshall shall select, An attorney for said defendants need not be present at all times during the time that the defendants are so working on the preparation of their case for trial.
 - 2. During the time that the defendants are so working

they may have brought to them their meals at their own expense. The defendants shall be allowed to bring into said 2 room and to maintain there such books, documents, pamphlets, 3 and similar written or printed material as they shall desire, 4 without censorship of any kind as to content, and the defendants 5 shall be permitted to make and keep in said room and to deliver 6 to their attorneys such notes, memoranda and documents as they 7 desire, without censorship of any kind as to content. In 8 9 addition, the defendants shall be permitted to bring to said room and keep there such office equipment as typewriters, and 10 such office supplies as paper, carbon paper, pencils, pens, ink, 11 12 etc.; provided, however, that none of the foregoing is intended to deprive the United States Yarshal of the right to see to it 13 14 that nothing other than materials of the kind permitted by this order are brought in. 15 For the purpose of dealing with problems relating 16 17 to their defense, the defendants shall be allowed, in the presence of an attorney, to visit and confer with such persons. 18 as the attorney shall designate; provided, however, that such 19 person shall furnish to the United States Marshal his name, address, criminal record if any, and general occupation. . 22 DATED this 31st day of August, 1951 24 95 26 United States District Judge 4.1. 30 55 PROSUNTED BY: 30 .31

Chief Assistant U. S. Attorney

٠,	2 3	VAndike 7153	
	4	· LEO A. SULLIVAN 1440 Broadway Street Oakland, California	
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	7		7 = 1
	8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	10/2
	9	THE CHILLS STATES DISTRICT COOK!	
	10	FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
		CENTRAL DIVISION	
•	11	No. 13443-70	
	12	Petitioner, ORDER TO SHOW CAU	SE WHY
, i	13	WRIT OF HARRAS C	ORPUS
	24	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal,	
	15	Respondent.	
	16	Upon reading the verified petition of the petitioner	on
•	17	file herein,	
	18	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that James J. Boyle, United Stat	es Marsh
	19	for the Southern District of California appear before the a	bove
	20	entitled Court in the courtroom of the Honorable	
	51	at the United States Post Office and Court House Building,	312 Nort
	22	Spring Street, Los Angeles, California, on the 6th Day of S	eptember
	23	1951, at 2 P.M. of said day, then and there to show cause i	f any he
	24	may have why he should not release from his custody or the	custody
	25	such officers or agents as may have the same for and on his	behalf,
_	26	the body of HENRY STRINBERG , petitioner herein,	
	27	such reasonable bail as may be determined by this Court.	
	28	Good cause being shown therefor, it is hereby ordered	that /
1	29	this Order and the said petition may be served upon the res	1
	30	herein on or before September 4, 1951 at 2 P.M. of said day	1
70	31	DATED: This 4th day of September, 1951.	
	32	/s/ Ben Harrison	
	74	JUDGE OF THE U.S. DISTRICT (OTIPT

ERNEST A. TOLIN United States Attorney RAY H. KINNISON Assistant U. S. Attorney Chief of Criminal Division 4 600 Federal Building Los Angeles 12, California 5 Telephone: MAdison 7411 6 Attorneys for Respondent IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA . 9 CENTRAL DIVISION 10. COUNTY STREET, NO. 17662-19 Petitioner, 12 13 RETURN TO WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS VS. 14 JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal, 15 Respondent. 16 I, JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal for the Southern District of 17 18 California, respondent herein, on behalf of myself and each and all of my agent 19 and deputies, respectfully make the following return and answer to this Honoral 20 Court, to the writ of habeas corpus issued pursuant to the petition for writ of 21 habeas corpus in the above case: 25 That the petitioner, Menry Steinberg 23 , is not unlawfully 24 imprisoned or restrained of his liberty, and his imprisonment and detention 25 are not illegal, arbitrary or a denial of rights secured to him by the Constitu 26 tion of the United States, but said peti/tioner is in my custody under proper as 27 lawful authority. 28 That said petitioner was taken into custody on July 26, 1951, in the , State of California, by Special Agents of the Feder 30 City of Los Angeles 31 Bureau of Investigation, upon a warrant issued on July 25, 1951, by Howard V. 32 Calverley, United States Commissioner for the Southern District of California, :MW -

pursuant to a verified complaint charging said petitioner and one William

Schneiderman with conspiracy to commit offenses against the United States pro-

hibited by Section 2 of the Smith Act, 54 Stat. 671, 18 U.S.C. (1946 Ed.) 10,

4 and 18 U.S.C. (1948 Ed.) 2385.

to the custody of this respondent.

That following said petitioner's arrest was taken without delay on July 26, 1951, before the nearest United States Commissioner, namely, Honorable 8 Howard V. Calverley, at Los Angeles, California, who then and there arraigned said petitioner and continued the matter to August 9, 1951 at 10:00 a.m. for preliminary examination and set bail in the amount of \$75,000 pending said preliminary examination, and in default thereof ordered said petitioner committed 11

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The grand jury for the Southern District of California, in and for the Central Division, met on the 27th, 30th, and 31st days of July, 1951, and, after hearing the evidence presented, did on the 31st day of July, 1951, return an indictment against the petitioner herein and eleven other named defendants, a certified copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A". That said grand jury recommended bail in the amount of 375,000 for the petitioner herein and, on the 19. 20 return of the indictment, said amount of bail was approved by Judge James M. Carter, before whom the said indictment was returned.

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23 On the 2nd day of August, 1951, the petitioner herein was arraigned on 24 said indictment and, at the request of petitioner herein, the plea on said 25 indictment was continued until the 13th day of August, 1951. On the 13th day 26 of August, 1951, at the potitioner's request, the plea on said indictment was again continued until the 20th day of August, 1951. On the 16th day of August, 1951, on petitioner's request, the order setting said matter for plea on August 20, 1951, was vucated and the plea on said indictment was again con-30 tinued until the 22nd day of August, 1951. On August 22, 1951, the plea was continued at petitioner's request to August 29, 1951, and on August 29, 1951, the potitioner herein entered a plea of not quilty before the Monorable Mm. C. 32 Mathes, to whose court the cause was transferred for all further proceedings.

Following the proceedings set forth in paragraphs wire to were of 3 the petition herein and after the opinion by the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit in the case of Philip Marshall Connelly, petitioner, v. : The United States District Court in and for the Southern District of California, 6 Central Division, and Honorable James M. Carter, Judge thereof, respondents (No.13053, decided August 24,1951), was rendered, Judge James M. Carter did, on the 29th day of August, 1951, disqualify himself as to both Philip Marshall 9 Connelly and the petitioner herein, and transferred all proceedings in said 10 case of United States v. Schneiderman, et al., to Judge Paul J.McCormick, 11 Presiding Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of 12 California. Judge Paul J. McCotmick on the same date assigned said case to 13 Judge Wm. C. Mathes for all further proceedings. Thereafter, on the 29th day 14 of August, 1951, a motion was made before the Honorable Wm. C. Mathes to reduce 15 the bail of the petitioner herein, and following a full hearing lasting two 16 days an order was made on August 30,1951, reducing the amount of bail set on 17 said indictment to the sum of \$50,000. That petitioner has not given such bail 18 and is detained by respondent pursuant to the proceedings aforesaid; that in 19 said hearings before Judges Wm. C. Mathes and Louis E. Coodnen the same matters 20 were raised as are raised in the said petition, and said matters have already 21 been littigated.

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VII

That the order of said Judge William C. Mathes fixing bail in the 24 amount of \$50,000 does not, under the circumstances herein involved, constitute 25 an excessive requirement of bail in accordance with the Eighth Amendment of 26 the Constitution of the United States, and does not amount to a violation of 27 said Amendment or the Fifth Amendment thereto, and does not show any abuse of 28 discretion by said Judge William C. Mathes.

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VIII

That named in the indictment above-mentioned, as unindicted co-con31 spirators with the petitioner herein, are: Robert G. Thompson, Henry Winston,
32 Gilbert Green, and Gus Hall. That the said last-named individuals were defendants

in the case or offited States v. Dennis, et al., who were convicted in the Southern District of New York on a violation of the same Act under which the . above-mentioned indictment was returned, and which conviction was, on June 4, 1951, affirmed by the Supreme Court of the United States. That, thereafter, 4 said last-named persons failed to appear and surrender to serve the sentence theretofore imposed and on July 2,1951, bench warrants were ordered issued by 6 the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York for said persons, and on July 3,1951, the bonds theretofore posted (referred to in the petition herein) by said persons were ordered forfeited by that court. (The 10 nature of the offense charged in the indictment herein is the incitement of .. Il rebellion looking to the overthrow of the government of the United States by 12 force and violence and disloyalty to the United States. Under the facts and 13 circumstances here involved the defendants in said indictment, including the 14 petitioner herein, lack the usual incentive of respect to said government. 15 Your respondent alleges that the petitioner herein is a poor security risk 16 and that unless a substantial bail is required of said petitioner, said 17 petitioner would not appear to answer the charges contained in the indictment

TY

18 herein.)

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That in none of the cases mentioned in EXHIBITS "A" and "B" of the peti
tion herein, save and except the two New York cases of United States v. Dennis

and United States v. Flynn, is the charge the same as is contained in the indice

ment herein, all of said cases being routine cases involving violations of

various federal statutes.

WHEREFORE, the respondent, James J. Boyle, United States Marshal for the Southern District of California, having made due and full answer to the writ of habeas corpus heretofore issued herein, pursuant to the petition for writ of habeas corpus, respectfully prays that the petition for writ of habeas corpus be dismissed and that the petitioner, Steinberg, be remanded to respondent's custody to be dealt with according to the laws of the United States of America.

JAMES J. BOYLE United States Marshal for the Southern District of California

1.

1	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
2	Southern District of California)
3	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal for the Southern District of
4	California, being first duly sworn, on his oath deposes and says?
5	That he is the person who makes the aforesaid return; that he has read
6	the same and knows the contents thereof, and that the same is true according
7	to the best of his knowledge and belief.
8	
9	
10	
11	JAMES J. BOYLE
12	SUBSCRIBED and STORN to before me
13	this day of September, 1951.
14	Clerk, United States District Court
15	Southern District of California
1.6	By Charles a Se & Deputy
17	by
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1. IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 2 CENTRAL DIVISION 3 February, 1951, Grand Jury -JULY 31, 1951 EDMUND L. SMITH, CLERK By Maxine Lewis, Deputy Clerk 8 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Plaintiff, 21883 [U.S.C., Title 18, Sec. 11 (1946 Ed.); U.S.C., Title 18, Sec. 371 (1948 Ed.); Section 3 of the Smith Act, 54 Stat. 2671-10 WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN. 11 DOROTHY ROSENBLUM HEALEY, Conspiracy to violate the Smith Act] 12 ALBERT JASON LIMA, OLETA O'CONNOR YATES, CARL RUDE LAMBERT, 13 INDICTMENT PHILIP MARSHALL CONNELLY. 14 ROSE CHERNIN KUSNITZ. AL RICHMOND, also known as .15 Abraham Richman. ERNEST OTTO FOX, also known as 16 Ernest Otto Fuchs, HENRY STEINBERG, LORETTA STARWS STACK, and 17 MARY BERNADETTE DOYLE. 18 Defendants. 19 20 21. The grand jury charges: 22 (1) From and on or about April 1, 1945, and continuously thereafter 23 up to and including the date of the filing of this indictment, in the Southern 24 District of California, and elsewhere, WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN, DOROTHY ROSENBLUM HEALEY, ALBERT JASON LIMA, OLETA O'CONNOR YATES, CARL RUDE LAMBERT, PHILIP MARSHALL CONNELLY, ROSE CHERNIN KUSNITZ, AL RICHMOND, also known as Abraham 27 Richman, ERNEST OTTO FOX, also known as Ernest Otto Fuchs, HENRY STEINBERG.

EXHIBIT A

32 Gilbert Green, Carl Winter, and Gus Hall, co-conspirators but not defendants

LORETTA STARVUS STACK, and MARY BERNADETTE DOYLE, the defendants herein,

unlawfully, wilfully, and knowingly did conspire with each other and with

William Z. Foster, Eugene Dennis, John B. Williamson, Jacob Stachel, Robert.

G. Thompson, Benjamin J. Davis, Jr., Henry Winston, John Gates, Irving Potash,

28

- 1 herein, and with divers other persons to the grand jury unknown, to commit
- 21 offenses against the United States prohibited by Section 2 of the Smith Act,
- 3 54 Stat. 671, 16 U.S.C. (1946/Ed.) 10, and 18 U.S.C. (1948 Ed.) 2385, by s8
- 4 conspiring (1) unlawfully, wilfully, and knowingly to advocate and teach the
- 5 duty and necessity of overthrowing the Government of the United States by
- 6 force and violence, and (2) unlarully, wilfully, and knowingly to organize
- 7 and help organize as the Communist Party of the United States of America a
- 8 society, group, and assembly of persons who teach and advocate the overthrow
- 9 and destruction of the Government of the United States by force and violence,
- 10 in violation of Section 3 of the Smith Act, 54 Stat. 671, 18 U.S.C. (1946 Ed.)
- 11 11, and 18 U.S.C. (1948 Ed.) 371;
- 12 (2) It was part of said conspiracy that said defendants and
- 13 co-conspirators would become members, officers, and functionaires of said Party,
- 14 knowing the purposes of the Party, and in such capacities would assume leader-
- 15 ship in said Party and responsibility for carrying out its policies and
- 16 activities up to and including the date of the filing of this indictment;
- 17 (3) It was further part of said conspiracy that said defendants and
- 18 co-conspirators would cause to be organized Groups, Clubs, Sections, District
- 19 and State Units of said Party in the State of California and elsewhere and
- 20 would recruit and encourage recruitment of members of said Party, concentrating
- 21 on recruiting persons employed in key basic industries and plants;
- 22 (4) It was further a part of said conspiracy that said defendants
- 23 and co-conspirators would publish and eirculate and cause to be published
- 24 and circulated books, articles, magazines, and newspapers teaching and
- 25 advocating the duty and necessity of overthrowing and destroying the Government
- 26 of the United States by force and violence;
- 27 (5) It was further a part of said conspiracy that said defendants
- 28 and co-conspirators would write and cause to be written articles and directives
- 29 in publications of the Communist Party of the United States of America
- 30 including, but not limited to, "Political Affairs," "Daily People's World,"
- 31 "Daily Worker," and "The Worker," teaching and advocating the necessity of
- 32 overthrowing and destroying the Government of the United States by force and violence;

1 (6) It was further a part of said conspiracy that said defendants

and co-conspirators would conduct and cause to be conducted schools and

3 classes for indoctrination of recruits and members of said Party in the

4 principles of Marxism-Leninism in which would be taught and advocated the

5 duty and necessity of overthrowing and destroying the Government of the

United States by force and violence as speedily as circumstances permit;

(7) It was further a part of said conspiracy that said defendants.

and co-conspirators would agree upon and carry into effect detailed plans

for the vital parts of the Communist Party of the United States of America

to go underground in the event of emergency and from said underground

ll position to continue in all respects the conspiracy described in paragraph (1);

(8) It was further a part of said conspiracy that said defendants and co-conspirators would use false names, passports, and other false documents

in order to conceal their identities and activities as members and function-

15 aries of said Party;

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16 (9) It was further a part of said conspiracy that said defendants
17 and co-conspirators would do other and further things to conceal the existence
18 and operations of said conspiracy; and

In pursuance of said conspiracy and to effect the objects thereof,

in the Southern District of California, the defendants and co-conspirators

did commit, among others, the following

OVERT ACTS:

23 1. On or about July 17 and 18, 1948, WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN, DOROTHY

24 ROSENBLUM HEALEY, ALBERT JASON LIMA, OLETA O'CONNOR YATES, CARL RUDE

25 LAMBERT, AL RICHMOND, also known as Abraham Richman, LORETTA STARVUS STACK, and

MARY BERNADETTE DOYLE, defendants herein, did attend and participate in

27 a Convention of the Communist Party of the State of California at Park Manor,

28 Sixth Street and Western Avenue, Los Angeles, California;

2. Cn or about August 20, 1948, MARY BERNADETTE DOYLE, a defendant

30 herein, did attend and participate in a meeting of the Morgan Hull Club in

31 San Diego, California;

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- 3. On or about August 21, 1948, LORETTA STARVUS STACK, a defendant
- 2 herein, did prepare and issue a directive and cause it to be circulated by
- 3 the California State Committee of the Communist Party;
- 4. On or about August 21, 1948, AL RICHMOND, also known as Abraham
- Richman a defendant herein, did issue a directive and cause it to be
- 6 circulated by the California State Committee of the Communist Party;
- 7 5. On or about January 21; 1949, HENRY STEINBERG, a defendant
- 8 herein, did attend and participate in a meeting;
- 9 6. On or about May 20, 1949, ROSE CHERNIN KUSNITZ, a defendant
- 10 herein, did attend and participate in a meeting held at 847 South Grand
- 11 Avenue, Los Angeles, California;
- 12 7. On or about December 7, 1949, WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN and DOROTHY
- 13 ROSENBLUM HEALEY, defendants herein, did attend and participate in a meeting
- 14 at Park View Manor, 2200 West Seventh Street, Los Angeles, California;
- 15 8. On or about January 20, 1950, WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN, a defendant
- 16 herein, did attend and participate in a meeting at Embassy Auditorium,
- 17 Los Angeles, California;
- 18 9. On or about February 15, 1950, MARY BERNAUETTE DOYLE, a defendant
- 19 herein, did attend and participate in a meeting held at 7891 Normandia Street,
- 20 San Diego, California;
- 21 ... On or about April 6, 1950, WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN, a defendant
- 22 herein, did attend and participate in a meeting at 3875 City Terrace Bowlevard
- 23 Los Angeles, California;
- 24' 11. On or about June 12, 1950, ALBERT JASON LIMA, a defendant herein,
- 25 did attend and participate in a meeting at 2200 West Seventh Street, Los
- 26 Angeles, California;
- 27 12. On or about June 24, 1950, PHILIP MARSHALL CONNELLY, MARY
- 28 BERNADETTE DOYLE, and ALBERT JASON LIMA, defendants herein, did attend and
- 29. participate in a meeting at Park Manor, 607 South Western Avenue, Los Angeles,
- 30 California:
- 31 13. On or about November, 1950, ERNEST OTTO FOX, also known as Ernest
- 32 Otto Fuchs, a defendant herein, did prepare and issue a directive and cause it

to be circulated;

14. On or about April 9, 1951, CARL RUDE LAMBERT, & defendant herein, 2 did attend and participate in a meeting at 405 De La Guerra Street, Santa 3 Barbara; California; 15. On or about July 24, 1951, OLETA C'COMMOR YATES, a defendant 5 herein, did attend and participate in a meeting at 124 West Sixth Street, 6 Los Angeles, California. 10 A TRUE BILL 11 12. Young, -III Ernest A. Tolin 13 ERNEST A. TOLIN, United States Attorney. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21

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8	IN THE UNITED STA		* 10	
9	IN AND FOR THE SOUTHER		3	CALIFORNIA
10	CENTRAL	DIVISIO	N .	er de la companya de
11				
12	LCRETTA STARVUS STACK,			
13	Petitioner, .)			N- 19476
14	VS.		1 ,3	No. 13436
	JAMES J. BOYLE, United) States Parshal,		4.	
16.	Respondent.			O
1	AL RICHMOND			
19	Petitioner,			
20.	vs•			No. 13437
21	JANUS J. BOYLE, United		0	
22	States Marshal,			
23	Respondent.			
24	PHILIP MARSHALL CONNELLY,)		
25	Petitioner,		•	
26	vs.	}		No. B 438
27	JAMES J. POYLE, United	(
28	States Marshal,	(
29	Respondent.	5		
30				
: 31				,
32				

1 .	DOROTHY ROSENBLUM HEALEY,	
2	Petitioner,	· D
3	vs.	No. 13439
4	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	
5	States Marshal,	
6	Respondent.	
7	EPNEST OFTO FOX,	}
8	Petitioner,	
9	vs.	No. 13440
10	JANES J. BOYLE, United	
11	States Marshal,	
12	Respondent.	
93	WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN,)
14	Petitioner,	
15	vs. 1	No. 13441
16	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	
17	States Marshal,	
18	Respondent.	
19	CARL RUDE LAMBERT,)
20	Petitioner,	
21	vs.° ~	No. 13442
. 22	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	
23	States Marsha 1,	
24	Respondent.)
25	HENRY STEINBERG,	}
26	Petitioner,	
37	vs.	No. 13443
38	JANES J. BOYLE, United	
39	States Marshal, Respondent.	
50	reapondene.	1
11		

1	OLETA O'CONNOR	YATES,):			
5	8	Petitioner,		7		
3	vs.			No.	13444	
4	JAMES J. BOYLE,	United				
5	States Marshal,	Paganandana				
6		Respondent.				
7	ROSE CHURNIN KUS	SNITZ,	}			0
8		Petitioner,				
9	V3.			No.	13445	
10	JAMES J. BOYLE, States Marshal,	United				
. 11	osavos izibilar,	Respondent				The state of
12		respondent/				
13	MARY BERNADETTE	DOYLE,)			
14	. •	Petitioner,		0,		•
-15	. ev .			No.	13446	
16	JAMES J. BOYLE, States Marshal,	United				
17		Respondent.	5			
18					•	0
19	ALBERT JASON LIN	IA,	• .	•	1 1	194
20		Petitioner,				
21	vs.	-		No.	13447	
22	JAMES J. BOYLE, States Marshal,	United)			
23		Respondent.				
24					. •	
25						
26		0	STIPULATION			
27						

IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED, CONSENTED AND AGREED by and between the attorneys for petitioners above named and the attorneys for the respondent herein that the petitions for writs of babeas corpus 31 in the above entitled causes shall be consolidated and treated as 32

l a joint petition for	r writ of habeas corpus.
	6th day of September, 1951.
.3	
4	/s/ Ben Pargolis
5	Ben Largolis
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7	/s/ Daniel G. Marshall
8	Attorneys for Petitioner Philip
9	Marshall Connelly
10	
11	MARGOLIS and MCTERNAN
12	By /s/ Ben Margolis Ben Margolis
13	/s/ Leo A. Sullivan
14	Leo A. Sullivan
15	Attorneys for remaining Petitioners
16	
17	ERNEST A. TOLIN United States Attorney
18	By /s/ Ray H. Kinnison
19 · · · ·	Ray H. Kinnison Assistant United States Attorney
20	Attorneys for Respondent
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39	ORDER:
24 It is so ordered.	
25	The state of the s
26	/s/ Ben Harrison
27	JUDGE of the United States District Cour
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8,	IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE	UNITED STATES
: 9	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CA	
10	CENTRAL DIVISIO	
11.		
12	LORETTA STARVUS STACK,) .	
13	Petitioner, }	No. 13436-BH
14	vs.	
15	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	
16	States Marshal,	
17	Respondent.	
18	AL RICHMOND,	
19	Petitioner,	No. 13437-BH
20	vs. }	
21	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	
22	States Marshal,	
23	Respondent.	
24	PHILIP MARSHALL CONNELLY,	
25	Petitioner,	No. 13438-BH
26	vs.	
27	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal,	
28	Respondent.	•
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	1	POROTHY RUSENELUM HEALEY,) *
1	5	Petitioner,	No. 13439-BH
7	3	vs.	}
	*	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	}
	5	States Marshal,	}
	6	Respondent.	\
	7	· ERNEST OTTO FOX,	
***	8	Petitioner,	No. 13440-BH
	9	vs.	} •
		JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal,	
	11	Respondent.	}
	13	WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN,	}
	14	Petitioner,	No. 13441-BH
	15	vs.	
	16	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal,	• •
	17 18	Respondent.	
	19	CARL RUDE LAMBERT,	
	20	Petitioner,	No. 13442-BH
	21	D vs.	
. 1	55	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal,	
	23 .		W-
	24	Respondent.	
. 6	25	HENRY STEINBERG,	
	26	Petitioner,	No. 13443-BH
. 2	27	vs.	
2	8	JAMES J. BOYLE, United . States Marshal,	
2	9	 	
3	0.	Respondent.	
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3	2	Sec.	

. 5	Petitioner, No. 13444-BH
_3	VS.
4	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal,
. 5	Respondent.
6	<u> </u>
7.	ROSE CHERNIN KUSNITZ,
8	Petitioner, No. 13445-BH
. 9	vs.
10	JAMES J. BOYLE, United
11	States Marshal,
12	Respondent.
	MARY BERNADETTE DOYLE,
14	Petitioner, No. 13446-BH
15	vs.
16	JAMES J. BOYLE, United
17	States Marshal,
18	Respondent.
	ALBERT JASON LIMA,
20	Petitioner, No. 13447-BH
6.1.	vs.
52	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal,
23	Respondent.
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26.	MEMORANDUM OPINION
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28	The above petitions for writs of habeas corpus were con-
59	solidated for hearing and the sole question for this court to de
30	termine in each matter is whether the bail of \$50,000 is excessive,
31	and by reason thereof petitioners are unlawfully deprived of their

1 CETA O'CONNOR YATES,

liberty contrary to the provisions of the Eighth Amendment to the

Constitution of the United States.

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It appears from the records of this court and the transcript of various progeedings that the question of bail as to some of the petitioners has been before two district judges of this district, one in San Francisco (Judge Goodman), and one in New York (Judge Dimock). (See Cr. file No. 21883 of this district).

Now through these proceedings petitioners seek to have 7 . me ignore the record, absolutely strike from my mind the separate rulings by four district judges, and indirectly hold that the bail fixed is excessive and each of said judges has abused the discretion vested in him.

13 Counsel for petitioners claim that bail in excess of \$5,000 would be prohibitive, therefore, the court should fix bail 13 14 in that amount. In other words, petitioners contend that bail should be fixed in accordance with their ability to furnish bail. To follow their argument to a natural conclusion, if they could 17 raise bail in an amount not in excess of \$10, the bail should be 18 , so fixed. If such a rule were adopted all prisoners now waiting 19 for trial on bailable offenses would be entitled to have bail 20 fixed in accordance with their respective abilities.

As stated in U. S. ex rel. Rubinstein v. Mulcahy etc., 51 22 155 F. (2d) 1002: "The purpose of bail before trial is to insure 23. the presence of the accused when required without the hardship of 24 incarceration before guilt has been proved and while the presump-25 tion of innocence is to be given effect." (See also Rule 46(c) 26 F.R.C.P.).

27 How much should the bail of petitioners be to meet the 28 requirements of the foregoing quotation? The Grand Jury that heard 59 the evidence recommended \$75,000. How can I say that all who have 30 exercised their discretion are wrong because I may or may not agree 31 with them?

When a person is released on bail before trial such per-

1 'son is a calculated risk and the amount of bail resolves itself

2 into a matter of judgment. Sometimes the courts are wrong but

fortunately the defendants usually appear. The offenses charged

4 are very serious and the court realizes as a matter of common

5 knowledge that those charged with similar and felated offenses the

forfeitures have been above average and apprehension after for-

feiture has been nil. Should the court ignore these facts?

Perhaps through these proceedings our reviewing courts of can furnish the trial courts with a yardstick to determine the amount of bail required to assure the presence at the time of trial of the petitioners and others similarly charged. My only hope is that their judgment on such calculated risks may be correct.

14: I have ordered the transcript of the proceedings before 15 Judge Mathes filed as an exhibit in these proceedings, together 16 with the records of the court on the motions for reduction of bail 17 before him in the criminal case, and have admitted in evidence the transcript of the proceedings in Healey et al. v. Boyle, No. 13361 18 19 to No. 13370. I have examined such proceedings and have consid-20 ered the same and am unable to conclude that the amount of bail, 21 fixed in each instance is either arbitrary or the result of an 22 abuse of discretion. I further find that such amounts as were 23 fixed are necessary to assure the presence of the petitioners in 24 the further proceedings in the criminal case and for no other pur-25 pose.

The procedure followed in these matters is that outlined in the Rubenstein case (155 F. (2d) 1002). The record herein indicates that such procedure is cumbersome and unnecessarily delays the ultimate disposition of matters that are entitled to expeditious action by the courts.

I make these comments not in criticism of the present method but rather as an invitiation to our reviewing courts to

provide a more expeditious procedure. With my ruling in this case five district judges have passed on the reasonableness of the amount of bail. If we are in error petitioners have had to . languish in jail to meet the requirements of legal formalism. The petition for writ of habeas corpus in each matter is hereby denied and the petition in each instance is hereby dismissed. The government is ordered to submit forthwith proposed 8 order of dismissal of said petitions. .9 DATED: This 12th day of September, 1951. 10 11 12 /s/ Ben Harrison 13 JUDGE 14. 15 16. 17 18 0 19 20 21 55 24 .25 26 27 28 29 30 31

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1 ERNEST A. TOLIN United States Attorney RAY H. KINNISON Assistant U. S. Attorney Chief of Criminal Division 600 Federal Building 5 Los Angeles 12, California Telephone: MAdison 7411 Attorneys for Respondent IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 CENTRAL DIVISION 11 12 LORETTA STARVUS STACK, AL RICHMOND, PHILIP MARSHALL

13 CONNELLY, DOROTHY ROSENBLUM:
HEALEY, ERNEST OTTO FOX,

14 WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN, CARL
RUDE LAMBERT, HENRY STEINBERG,
15 OLETA O'CONNOR YATES, ROSE
CHERNIN KUSNITZ, MARY BERNADETTE

16 DOYLE, and ALBERT JASON LIMA, Nos. 13436/13447 ORDER DENYING PETITIONS FOR WRITS OF HABEAS CORPUS AND DISCHARGING ORDERS TO SHOW. 17 Petitioners. CAUSE WHY WRITS OF HABEAS CORPUS SHOULD NOT BE GRANTED 18 19 JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal, 50 Respondent. The above-entitled matters came on regularly for hearing on 23 Sertember 6, 1951, before the Honorable Ben Harrison, Judge presid-24 ing on Orders to Show Cause Why Writs of Habeas Corpus should not 25 be granted, the petitioner Philip Marshall Connelly being represent-26 ed by his attorneys, Ben Margolis, Esq., and Daniel G. Marshall, 27 Esq. and the remaining petitioners by their attorneys Margolis and 28 McTernan, Esqs., by Ben Margolis, Esq., and the respondent, James 29 J. Boyle, being represented by his counsel, Ernest A. Tolin, United 30 States Attorney for the Southern District of California, and Ray H. 31 Kinnison, Assistant United States Attorney for the Southern District 32 of California, and A. L. Wirin, Esq., appearing as amicus curiae; the

1 Court having ordered upon the stipulation of the attorneys for the 2 respective parties that the petitions for writs of habeas corpus 3 be consolidated and treated as a joint petition for writ of habeas 4 corpus; and the Court having read the petitions for Writs of Habeas 5 Corpus on file, the Return thereto filed by the respondent to said 6 petitions for Writs of Habeas Corpus herein; and the Court finding 7 that on July 31, 1951, and prior to the hearing herein, a True Bill 8 of indictment was returned in this Court before Judge James M. 9 Carter, by the Grand Jury for the Southern District of California, 10 charging the petitioners and others with conspiracy to commit of-Il fenses against the United States prohibited by Section 2 of the 12 Smith Act, 54 Stat. 671, 18 U.S.C. (1946 ed.) 10, and 18 U.S.C. 13 (1948 ed.) 2385, and said indictment having been ordered filed 14 under Case No. 21883-CD, and on recommendation of said Grand-Jury, 15 Judge James M. Carter then set bail for the petitioner William 16 Schneiderman in the amount of \$100,000 and in the amount of \$75,000 17 for the remaining petitioners, and thereafter, on the 7th day of 8 August, 1951, petitioners filed with said Judge James M. Carter a .9 motion to reduce the amount of bail; that the said Judge James M. 20 Carter on August 29, 1951 disqualified himself from any further 21 proceedings in the prosecution of the petitioners herein including 22 proceedings on bail; that the said proceedings were then assigned 23 by Chief Judge Paul J. McCormick to Judge William C. Mathes and the 24 aforesaid motions to reduce bail came on for hearing before the said 25 Judge William C. Mathes, and following a full hearing on said motions 26 Judge William C. Mathes on August 30, 1951 did reduce the amount of 27 bail for each of the petitioners to \$50,000, and the Court having 28 taken testimony on the petition herein and having heard arguments, 29 and the Court being fully advised in the premises, and it appearing 30 to the satisfaction of the Court, and the Court finding for the 31 reasons aforesaid that the relief prayed for in the aforesaid peti-

32 tions for Writs of Habees Corpus should not be granted, that the

i orders to show cause why the petitions for writ of habeas corpus 2 should not be granted should be discharged, and that said Petitions 3 for Writs of Habeas Corpus should be denied, and said cause having 4 been submitted to the Court for decision; IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the aforesaid Petitions for Writs of Habeas Corpus heretofore filed in the above entitled matters be, and the same hereby are, denied; and IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the aforesaid Orders to show Cause why the Petitions for Writs should not be 10 granted be; and the same hereby, are discharged. 11 DATED: This 6th day of September, 1951. 13 13 Ben Harrison United States District Judge 14. Received copy of the within 15 Order Denying Petitions for Vicits of Habeas Corpus, Disand Dismissing Writ of Habeas
Corpus this 6th day of September 1951, and approved as to ,3 form. Ben Margolis Daniel G. Marshall 33 Attorneys for Petitioner Philip Marshall Connelly MARGOLIS and McTERNAN 26 By Ben Margolis 27 Attorneys for remaining Petitioners 59 30

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Margolis and McTernan Ben Margolis 112 West Ninth Street 112 West Ninth Street Los Angeles 15, California Los Angeles 15, California VAndike 7153 VAndike 7153 3 and and Daniel G. Marshall Leo A. Sullivan 458 South Spring Street 1440 Broadway Street 4 Los Angeles 13, California Oakland, California 5 TRinity 6011 Hightower 4-1707. Attorneys for Petitioner- Attorneys for remaining Appellant Philip Marshall Connelly Petitioners-Appellants 6 7 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 IN AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 9 10 CENTRAL DIVISION 11 LORETTA STARVUS STACK, AL 12 RICHMOND, PHILIP MARSHALL & CONNELLY, DOROTHY ROSENBLUM 13 HEALEY, ERNEST OTTO FOX, WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN, CARL 14 RUDE LAMBERT, HENRY STEINBERG, OLETA O'CONNOR YATES, ROSE CHERNIN KUSNITZ, MARY BERNADETTE DOYLE and ALBERT JASON LIMA, 15 Nos. 13436/13447 16 Petitioners-Appellants, NOTICE OF APPEAL 17 18 JAMES J. BOYLE, United States 19 Marshal, 20 Respondent. 21. 22 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the petitioners-appellants 23 above named hereby appeal to the United States Court of Appeals 24 25 for the Winth Circuit from the order denying the patitions for writs of habeas corpus herein and discharging the orders to 26 27 show cause why the petitions for writs should not be granted, made and entered in this action by the United States District 28 Court, Honorable Ben Harrison, Judge Presiding, on the 6th day 29

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This 6th day of September, 1951.

of September, 1951.

DATED:

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/s/ Ben Margolis

Ben Margolis

/s/ Daniel G. Marshall

Daniel G. Marshall

Attorneys for Petitioner-Appellant
Philip Marshall Connelly

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MARGOLIS and McTERNAN

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By /s/ Ben Margolis

Ben Margolis

/n/ Leo A. Sullivan

Leo A. Sullivan

Attorneys for remaining PetitionersAppellants

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MARGOLIS and MCTERNAN PEN MARGOLIS 112 West Ninth Street 112 West Ninth Street Los Angeles 15, California Los Angeles 15, California VAndike 7153 VAndike 7153 and DANIEL G. MARSHALL LEO A. SULLIVAN 1440 Broadway Street 458 South Spring Street Los Angeles 13, California Oakland, California Hightower 4-1707 TRinity 6011. Attorneys for Petitioner Attorneys for remaining Petitioners Philip Marshall Connelly IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CENTRAL DIVISION LORETTA STARVUS STACK, AL RICHMOND, PHILIP MARSHALL. CONNELLY, DOROTHY ROSENBLUM HEALEY, ERNEST OTTO FOX, WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN, CARL RUDE LAMBERT, HENRY STEINBERG, OLETA O'CONNOR YATES, ROSE CHERNIN KUSNITZ, MARY BERNADETTE DOYLE and ALBERT JASON LIMA, Nos. 13436/13447 DESIGNATION OF THOUSED Petitioners, JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal, Respondent. 23

23 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, CENTRAL DIVISION: ERNEST A. TOLIN
24 UNITED STATES ATTORNEY FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA:
25 The petitioners above named designate for inclusion in the
26 record on appeal herein a complete record of all the proceedings
27 and evidence in the above entitled causes including the petitions
28 for write of habeas corpus, the orders to show cause, the stipula29 tion and order treating the petitions as a joint petition for write
30 of habeas corpus, the return of the respondent, the reporter's
31 transcript of hearing on September 6, 1951, the order denying the
32 petitions and discharging the orders to show cause, the notice of

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appeal, this designation of the record and any stipulations between the parties relative to the record on appeal herein or the argument of the appeal. DATED: September 6, 1951. 5 /s/ Ben Margolis Ben Margolis /s/ Daniel G. Marshall Daniel G. Marshall Attorneys for Petitioner Philip Marshall Connelly 1.1 MARGOLIS and MCTERNAN /s/ Ben Margolis 3.2 Ben Margolis /s/ Leo A. Sullivan 14 Leo. A. Sullivan T.F. Attorneys for remaining Petitioner . 16 .7 Agreed to: 0.0 United States Attorney 30 ." 22 -3 24 25

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